

Risk information

Past returns are no guarantee of future returns. The money invested in the fund may increase or decrease in value and it is not certain that you will get back all the capital you have invested. The key investor information document and prospectus can be found at www.lannebofonder.se.

The fund's investment policy

Lannebo Sverige Plus is an actively managed equity fund that primarily invests in shares on the Swedish stock market. The fund is similar to a traditional equity fund, but with more flexible investment rules. The "Plus" label reflects the fund's ability to invest more than 100 per cent of the fund's assets. For example, the fund can invest 130 per cent in shares that the fund managers are positive about and balance this by reducing its equity exposure by 30 per cent through the sale of shares that the fund does not own, i.e. short selling.

The fund targets those who:

- want a Swedish equity fund with greater opportunities
- want an actively managed fund with investments based on a clear understanding of each individual company

Fund manager comment

Donald Trump's US presidential election victory dominated the news during the month. As predicted equity markets declined initially, then turned upward and gradually strengthened. Specifically, shares strengthened for companies expected to benefit from Trump's declared ambition to strengthen US industries and infrastructure. In contrast, defensive sectors were relatively weak. Base metals performed strongly, where copper increased by over 20%. Interest rates on 10-year government bonds increased overall during the month with, for example, the US increasing 53 points and Sweden 26 points.

Lannebo Sverige Plus increased by 2.7 per cent during November, while the Stockholm Stock Exchange, measured as SIXPRX, increased 1.4 per cent. The World Index (MSCI AC World) increased during the same period by 2.1 per cent, and in the US the S&P 500 increased by 3.7 per cent. Euro STOXX 50 index increased marginally by 0.1 per cent.

Autoliv, Net Insight and Ericsson were holdings that performed better than the overall market with price gains of 12, 9 and 9 per cent respectively. The share price increases for Ericsson and Autoliv were likely due to the shares bouncing back following an all too weak price performance in connection with the respective company's quarterly reports.

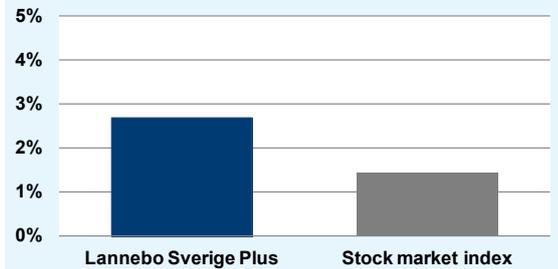
AstraZeneca, Tele2 and Nobia performed significantly worse than the overall market, with price declines of 10, 6 and 3 per cent respectively. AstraZeneca and Tele2's share price declines were likely due to investors fleeing defensive stocks following the US election results.

The holdings in Swedbank and Autoliv were

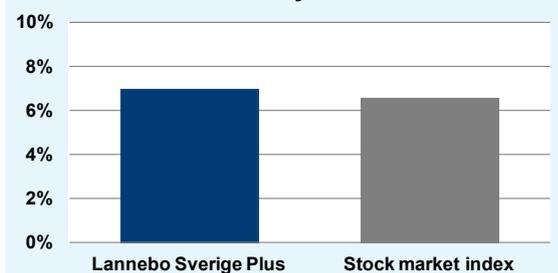
reduced, while the holdings in Nordea and Investor were increased.

A reduced risk appetite has recently characterized equity markets. Central banks' monetary policies have in part led to real economic improvements, but above all, consumption has been stimulated while corporate investments have remained limited. We find that the equity market is currently divided. Companies that can demonstrate stability, combined with some growth, are currently valued in a way that makes it very challenging to achieve returns over the medium term. However, the market's expectations are considerably more modest for companies that are experiencing weaker demand in the near term. In our judgment, this is also where we find the most interesting investments. The market's initial reaction to the election of Donald Trump as the US president indicates that the above paradigm is about to change.

Performance for the month



Performance year-to-date



Performance, %	Lannebo Sverige Plus	Stock market index
November 2016	2.7	1.4
Year-to-date 2016	7.0	6.5
3 years	50.0	39.2
5 years	125.9	105.9
Since inception (12/11/2008)	300.8	236.6
Average annual return 24 months	11.1	9.1

Monthly performance, %

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
-8.5	4.6	2.3	2.9	1.5	-6.3
Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
6.3	1.9	0.4	-0.2	2.7	

Annual performance, %	Lannebo Sverige Plus*	Stock market index
2015	13.4	10.5
2014	23.4	15.9
2013	28.2	28.0
2012	17.3	16.7
2011	-18.9	-13.6

* The annual performance of the fund is calculated from the NAV per unit in the final accounts.

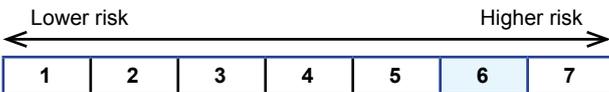
10 largest holdings

	% of the portfolio
H&M B	8.9
Volvo B	8.4
Investor B	6.9
Nordea	6.9
Nokia EUR	5.2
Autoliv SDB	4.6
Stora Enso R SEK	4.5
Swedbank A	4.5
Sandvik	4.5
Ericsson B	4.5
Total 10 largest holdings	58.9
Cash	6.3
Total number of holdings	34

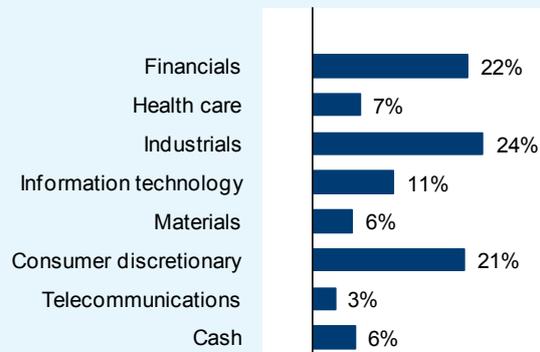
Major changes during the month

Buy	Sell
Nordea	Swedbank
Investor	Autoliv

Risk and reward profile



Sector allocation



Financial ratios	Lannebo Sverige Plus	Stock market index
Sharpe ratio	0.8	0.7
Total risk, %	15.7	14.8
Tracking error	4.7	
Information ratio	0.4	
Alfa	0.2	
Beta	1.0	
Active share, %	65	
Gross equity exposure, %	113	
Net equity exposure, %	93	
Portfolio turnover ratio 06/30/2016	1.9	

Fund facts

Fund manager	Lars Bergkvist & Martin Wallin
Launch date	12/11/2008
NAV per unit, SEK	39.07
Fund size, SEK millions	7,014
Management fee	1.0% + 20% of any excess return
Return threshold	SIX Portfolio Return Index
Bankgiro	346-3585
ISIN	SE0002686584
Trading frequency	Daily
Minimum investment amount	100 SEK
PPM number	420 292
Supervisory authority	Finansinspektionen

Explanations

Stock market index	SIX Portfolio Return Index. The unit price of the fund is set before the price of the index is calculated. This can sometimes result in a misleading comparison between the two.
Sharpe ratio	A measure of the fund's return taking into account the total risk the fund has had during the period. Calculated as the ratio between the fund's return minus the risk-free rate of return and the fund's total risk (standard deviation). The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Total risk	Given as the standard deviation of variations in the total return of the fund or index. The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Tracking error	A measure that describes how closely the performance of the fund tracks the performance of the benchmark index. Calculated as the standard deviation of the difference between the return on the fund and a benchmark index. The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Information ratio	A measure of risk-adjusted return. This is measured as the active return divided by the portfolio's active risk. The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Alpha	Describes the effect of the portfolio manager's decisions on the return of the fund. A positive alpha value is the extra return which an investor receives for having taken greater risks than the market. The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Beta	Describes the sensitivity of the fund's value to changes in the market's value. The beta value reports how much the fund's value changes in percentage terms when the market's value changes by one percentage point. The information is based on monthly data and relates to the latest 24 months.
Active share	A measure of the proportion of the portfolio that differ from the benchmark.